

SAWA WANAWAKE TANZANIA (SAWA)

BASELINE SURVEY REPORT FOR TUWALINDE WATOTO II (2020-2024)

1. INTRODUCTORY INFORMATION FOR SAWA AND CHILD FUND KOREA (CFK).

SAFINA WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION (SAWA) is a Non-Governmental Organization that was initially registered under the civil society ordinance of 1954 Rule No 5 with registration No SO.9351. However in 2019, SAWA underwent re-registration process following government's compulsory registration of NGOs in which SAWA was granted a new name of SAWA WANAWAKE TANZANIA and a certificate of registration No 00NGO/R/0221. The organization is committed to achieving its vision through provision of various interventions such as advocacy, training, and awareness creation among children, women and community members through collaboration with Local and Central government to improve the well women, young girls and children. SAWA also strives to improve Early Childhood Development (ECD) Basic Education as well as Community Based Child Protection systems.

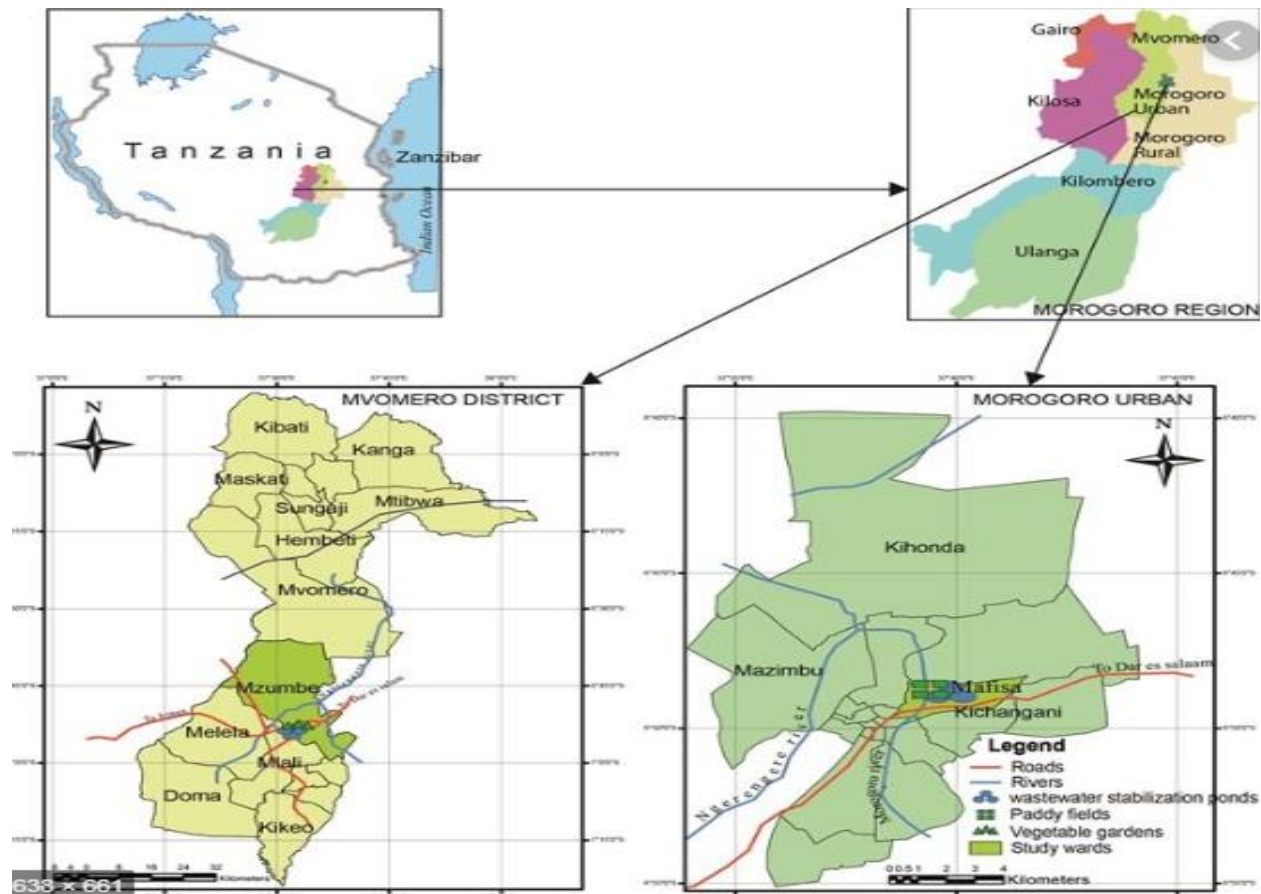
ChildFund Korea was established in 1948. ChildFund Korea, as one of the leading child advocacy organization, works to create opportunities for children and youth, their families and communities. Not only in domestic programs but also in international development programs and humanitarian assistance, ChildFund Korea works with various partners in around 30 countries. It is a member of the ChildFund Alliance – one of the world's oldest and most experienced child-focused development agencies. With a global network of 11 organizations, the ChildFund Alliance assists more than 13 million children and families in over 60 countries.

2. JUSTIFICATION FOR BASELINE SURVEY.

SAWA WANAWAKE TANZANIA (SAWA) and CHILD FUND KOREA (CFK) entered into agreement to implement TUWALINDE WATOTO Project at Mvomero District in Morogoro Region. Phase 1 of this project has been implemented at Mtale, Msongozi, Mtipule and Doma Villages in which 9 communities have been targeted. The project is focused in the sectors of Early childhood Development basic Education and child Protection.

Currently SAWA is implementing Phase II of TUWALINDE WATOTO II Project at Wami Dakawa, Mvomero and Dibamba Villages to improve the same sectors. The Purpose of this Baseline is to set up benchmark Data on Community Based ECD Services, Basic Education and Child Protection System in order to be able to measure the impact of the project at the end of four (4) years of implementation in 10 Targeted

Communities. These communities include Mvomero (Kikando, Chambika, Kijoja and Kipogolo), Dibamba (Minazi, Dibamba A) and Wami Dakawa (Magengeni, CCM, Fungafunga and Zaire).



Country Map of Tanzania, Region of Morogoro and District of Mvomero

3. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES:

The Methodologies adopted for the Baseline Survey mainly focused on current Situation on Community Based Services, Basic Education and Child Protection through different level stakeholders' engagement, such as children, Parents /Caregivers and Teachers. The object groups of interview were decided according to the information that was required based on the stakeholders' analysis that had been previously conducted. Mostly Knowledge Attitude and Practice (KAP), Zambia Child Assessment (ZAMCAT) and UWEZO Assessment Tools were used to collect this Data. These Tools were selected based on the geographical context of the target areas and level of the community understanding.

TABLE OF RESPONDENTS INTERVIEWED

VILLAGE	KAP		ZAMCAT		UWEZO		NUMBER OF RESPONDENT
	M	F	M	F	M	F	
MVOMERO	13	57	25	29	8	12	144
DIBAMBA	10	49	4	7	10	10	90
WAMI DAKAWA	17	63	14	18	10	10	132
Tota of Respondents	40	169	43	54	28	32	366

4. IMPROVEMENTS, LIMITATIONS AND CHALLENGES

IMPROVEMENTS

This is the second time SAWA is conducting Baseline Survey. The first Baseline was conducted in 2018 (in Mtipule, Msongozi, Matala and Doma Villages) by consultant in partnership with SAWA Staff under the guidance of ChilfFund Korea which had given enormous experience to SAWA Staff. All the challenges which SAWA experienced in the previous Baseline Survey have been taken on board to improve Dibamba, Dakawa and Mvomero Baseline exercise. Based on the previous experience, we have managed to utilize both the time and resources in a more efficient way, prepare the KAP, ZAMCAT and UWEZO tools in a more improved manner.

LIMITATION AND CHALLENGES:

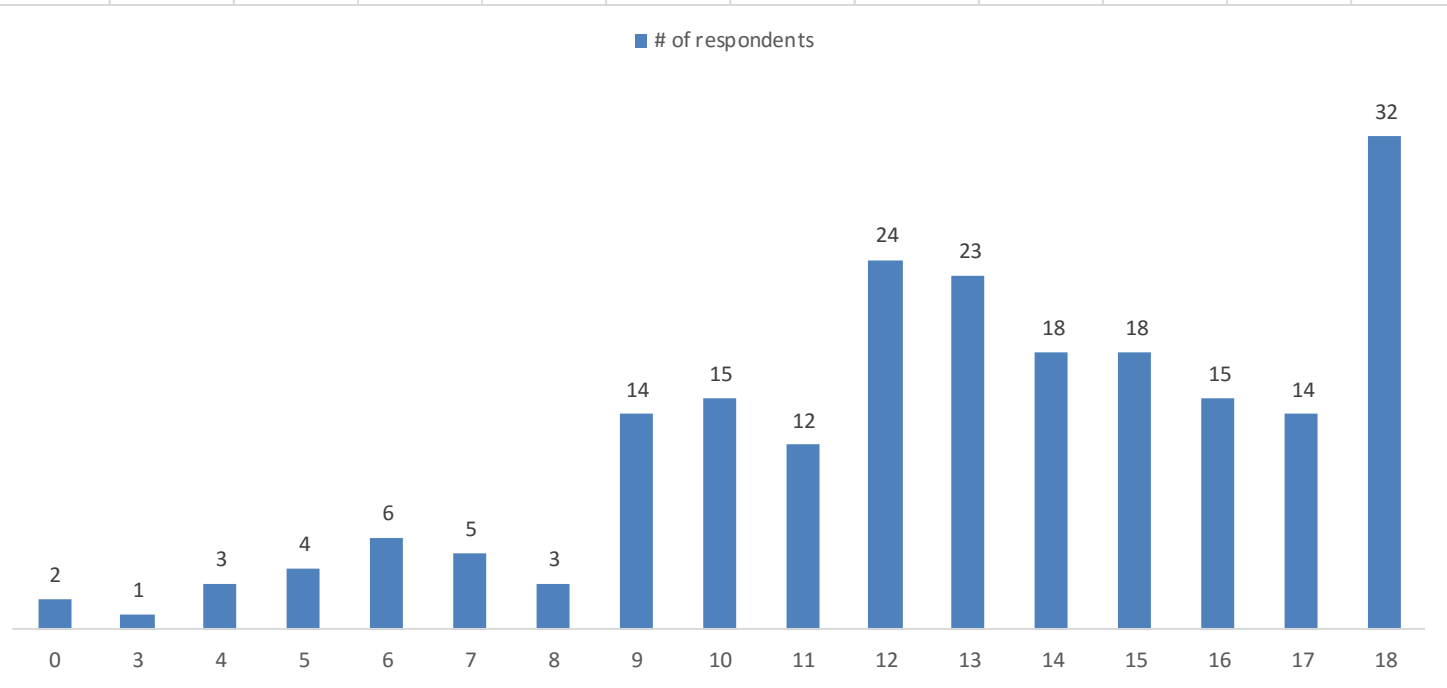
Some of the Limitations and challenges encountered were associated with COVID 19 Pandemic in which no big gathering were allowed but also social distance was insisted throughout the exercise. However the team managed to complete the Baseline in time with positive response from the Local government officials as well as the despondence.

5. DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

KAP data analysis

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[illegible]



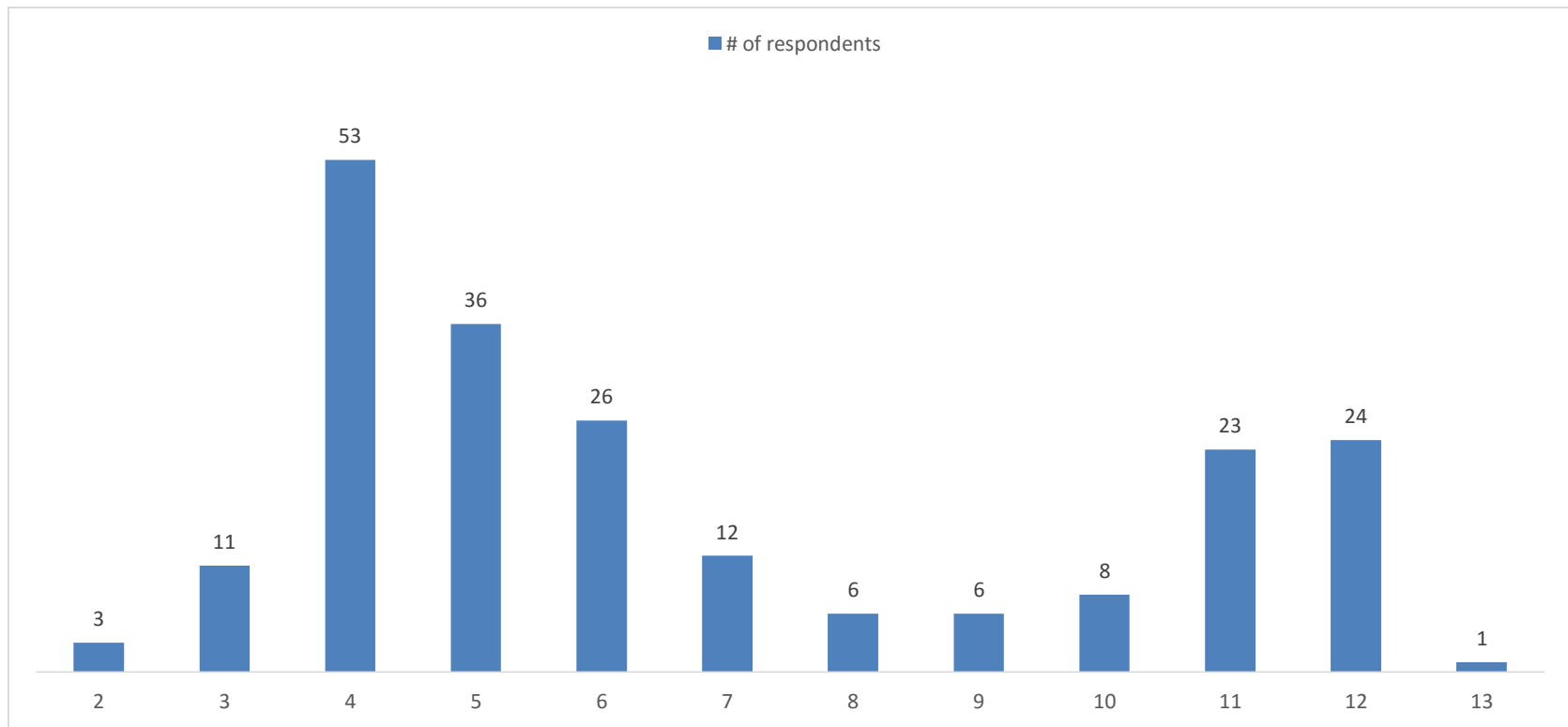


Figure 1



Figure 1 SAWA and District officials agreed on Baseline Implementation modalities at Dakawa Ward Office



Figure 3 District Officials administering KAP at Wami Dakawa



Figure 2 SAWA Staff administering UWEZO and ZAMCAT tools at Dibaba and Mvomero Villages